

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

MATERIAL IDENTITY: SUPERCLEAN TIRE GLOSS

Section 1 - Product Identification

Manufacturer: SuperClean Brands, LLC
1380 Corporate Center Curve, Suite 107
Eagan, MN 55121

Telephone: (651) 365-7500

Facsimile: (651) 365-7599

Transportation Emergency (for immediate information about a chemical or to seek assistance from a manufacturer): 1-800-535-5053

Date Updated: March 29, 2010

Section 2 - Hazardous Ingredients

<u>INGREDIENTS</u>	<u>CAS #</u>	<u>% range</u>	<u>TLV</u>	<u>PEL</u>
Hydrotreated middle distillate	64742-46-7	NA	(Mist) 5 mg/m ³	(Mist) 5 mg/m ³
Polydimethylsiloxane	63148-62-9	NA	NE	NE

Balance of ingredients are not hazardous as defined by OSHA

Section 3 - Physical Data

Form:	Liquid	pH:	NA
Color:	Clear	pH (1% vol):	NA
Odor:	Slight	Solubility in Water:	Insoluble
Specific Gravity (Water = 1):	0.82 - 0.83	Vapor Density (Air = 1):	ND
Boiling Point °F:	>400	% VOC by weight (EPA 59.203(f)(1):	<3
Evaporation Rate (Water = 1):	NE	Vapor pressure:	ND

Section 4 - Fire and Explosion Information

Flash Point (Method) F: >200F (TCC)

Unusual Fire & Explosion Hazards: Smoke may be generated while burning. Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and other oxides may be generated as products of combustion.

Extinguishing Agents: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, or foam. Water stream may spread fire, use water spray only to cool containers exposed to fire. If leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse the vapors.

Fire fighting methods: Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance. Use water spray to cool adjacent structures and to protect personnel. Shut off source of leak if possible. Fire fighters must wear MSHA/NIOSH approved positive pressure breathing apparatus with full face mask and full protective equipment.

Section 5 - Health Hazard Data - Signs and Symptoms of Overexposure

Probable Routes of Entry: Eyes, skin, inhalation. See section 11: other effects for toxicity information.

Eyes: Contact with eyes may cause slight irritation with mild redness and dryness.

Skin: Prolonged or repeated contact may result in contact dermatitis, dryness, redness, or chapping.

Inhalation: Not expected to present a hazard at ambient temperature and normal use. Overexposure by inhalation of misted product may lead irritation in respiratory tract. Severe overexposure may lead to drowsiness, dullness, dizziness, nausea, and headache

Ingestion: Ingestion is not expected to be a primary route of exposure. Do not ingest. Material may cause irritation to mouth, throat and stomach. Coughing, choking, gagging, and vomiting may develop. Note: Aspiration is a secondary hazard that should be expected and can lead to chemical pneumonitis. Loss of consciousness and convulsions followed by death may result.

Repeated exposure effects: Redness, drying, chapping

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: Pre-existing disorders usually not aggravated.

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Section 6 - Emergency First Aid Procedures

Eyes: Check for and remove contact lenses. Flush immediately with water for 15 minutes while holding eyelids apart to ensure complete irrigation of eye and eyelid. If irritation develops, take individual immediately to a health care professional.

Skin: Wash with soap and water. If redness occurs, seek immediate medical attention. Launder contaminated clothing.

Inhalation: Not expected to be a problem. However, if respiratory irritation, dizziness, nausea, or headache occurs due to excessive vapor or mist exposure, remove victim from exposure. Seek immediate medical assistance. If breathing has stopped, assist ventilation with a mechanical device or mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Ingestion: Obtain immediate medical aid or call poison control. Do not induce vomiting. During vomiting there is a danger of aspirating liquid into lungs, causing serious damage and chemical pneumonitis. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration and monitor for breathing difficulty. Seek immediate medical attention or call 911.

Section 7 - Reactivity Data

Stability: Stable when stored and used under normal conditions.

Conditions to avoid: Strong oxidizers, bases, reducing agents, and acids. Heat, sparks, and flame

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and other oxides may be generated as products of combustion.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

Section 8 - Spill & Leak Procedures

Procedures for Cleanup: Wear protective gear. Spill will be slippery.

Small spills: Mop up with detergent and water. Rinse with water.

Large Spills: For large spills, area will be slippery. Eliminate flames and ignition sources. Dike product with sand or dirt. Keep out of surface waters and sewers. Salvage for reuse if possible. Otherwise place into suitable container for disposal. Clean area with detergent and water. Inform local pollution officials of spill. Spill may be considered RCRA hazardous if contaminated. Call local regulatory agency.

Waste Disposal: Dispose in accordance with federal, state and local regulations. Waste may be subject to RCRA regulation. May be land filled or incinerated at an approved facility.

Section 9 - Special Protection Information

Ventilation Type Required: General or local

Protective Gloves: Not usually needed. Recommend rubber gloves for prolonged or repeated skin contact.

Respiratory Protection: Not needed under normal use conditions. If mist is generated, use a NIOSH organic vapor respirator.

Eye Protection: Not normally needed. Recommend safety glasses if eye contact could occur.

Other Equipment: Water source for eye and skin wash. Rubber boots for cleanup.

Section 10 - Special Precautions

Store between 30° F and 110° F. Store away from heat, sparks, flames, ignition sources and oxidizing materials. Store out of direct sunlight. Keep out of reach of children. Keep container closed when not in use. Thoroughly wash empty containers before disposal.

Section 11 - Toxicity Data

Toxicity:	LD50 - Oral - Rat	LD50 - skin absorption	LC50 - Inhalation	Effects
Hydrotreated middle distillate	ND	ND	ND	Irritant
Polydimethylsiloxane	> 5000 mg/kg	None found	ND	Not a sensitizer
Carcinogenicity:	NTP	IARC	OSHA	
Hydrotreated middle distillate	No	NE	No	
Polydimethylsiloxane	No	No	No	
Other effects:	Reproductive Toxicity	Teratogenicity	Mutagenicity	
Hydrotreated middle distillate	ND	ND	ND	
Polydimethylsiloxane	ND	ND	ND	

